

Ants

**High performance agent-based
modeling and visualization with Rust,
WebAssembly, and WebGL**

Casey Primozic

Overview

1

- › <https://github.com/ameobea/minutiae>
- › Originally started as a game engine at the beginning of last summer, but spiraled off into a lot of other things along the way.
- › Model of computation similar to Turing Machines, Cellular Automata, Stack Machines, etc.

Agent-Based Modeling

- › Immutable State
- › Strictly Controlled

Minutiae System Architecture

- › Representation of state and logic
- › Allows for the creation of “simulations,” “demos,” and interactive applications
- › Deterministic + Nondeterministic variants
- › Serial / Parallel
- › Runs in the browser via WebAssembly/ Asm.JS

Universe

2

- › 2-dimensional array of cells
- › Always square (equal height + width)
- › Populated with cells and entities at application initialization using a Generator

Cells

3

- › Cells
 - › Every coordinate of the universe contains a cell
 - › Contain generic state
 - › Do nothing by themselves
 - › Roughly equivalent to a Turing Machine's tape

Entities

- › Exist in a single coordinate within the universe
- › Have two kinds of state
 - › State
 - › Mutable State

Entity States

- › Non-mutable State
 - › Fully generic (only limited by some Rust traits to enable safe program execution)
 - › Visible to all other entities in the universe (unless limited by the entity driver explicitly)
 - › Well represented by Rust's fat enums
 - › Only changeable by the Engine or Middleware

Mutable Entity State

- › Not visible to other entities in the simulation
- › Mutable by the entity driver during its evaluation
- › Useful for storing stuff like PRNG state
- › Generic, but with strict limitations on its contents using Rust state in order to preserve performance

Computation Model

- › State (data)
- › Logic (rules)

Minutiae Computation Model

- › State located in 3 places:
 - › Universe/cells
 - › Entity state
 - › Mutable Entity State
- › Logic located in 3 places:
 - › Entity Driver
 - › Engine
 - › Middleware

Entity Driver

- › Function that takes the universe (all cells and entities) as input and returns an array of actions as output
- › Evaluated for every entity in the universe each tick

Actions

6

- › Enum of possibilities
- › Creatable by entities during execution of the simulation
- › Three varieties
 - › Cell Actions
 - › Self Actions
 - › Entity Actions

Engine

- › Defines a set of rules for processing *actions*
- › Defined by the user

Engine cont.

- › Defines rules for handling the actions created by entities
- › Implemented as a (generic) trait

```
pub fn exec_actions(
    universe: &mut Universe<CS, ES, MES, CA, EA>, cell_actions: &[OwnedAction<CS, ES, CA, EA>],
    self_actions: &[OwnedAction<CS, ES, CA, EA>], entity_actions: &[OwnedAction<CS, ES, CA, EA>]
) {
    for cell_action in cell_actions { exec_cell_action(cell_action, &mut universe.cells, &mut universe.entities); }
    for self_action in self_actions { exec_self_action(self_action, &mut universe.entities); }
    for entity_action in entity_actions { exec_entity_action(entity_action, &mut universe.entities); }
}
```

Serial Engine

7

- › Executes the entity driver for each entity in the universe one by one
- › Stores up all generated actions in an array
- › Handles all of the actions one by one, transitioning state sequentially
 - › Handles conflicts e.g. (if an action targets an entity that moved or was deleted)

Parallel Engine

- › Entity driver for each entity is run in parallel
- › Work stealing parallel iterator is used along with synchronization primitives to create a vector of actions to evaluate

Parallel Engine cont.

- › Made possible by separating the creation of actions from their evaluation
- › The entire universe (all cells and entities) are immutable during this phase
 - › If they weren't, there would be the possibility of all kinds of parallel issues to crop up
- › Required copious usage of unsafe Rust code

Parallel Engine Cont.

- › Any possible determinism is lost
 - › No guarantee to the ordering of the evaluation of actions
- › (Theoretically) linear efficiency gains for the entity driver phase
- › Engine's evaluation of actions is not parallelizable
 - › Requires mutable access to the universe and entities

Middleware

9

- › Take all of the bounds off the system
- › Allow direct, mutable access to the entire universe before and after each tick
- › Allow mutation of cell states, access to universe state for output, etc.

Middleware Examples

- 10 > `MinDelay`: If the time between the current frame and the previous frame is less than an interval, sleeps until that interval is reached
- 11 > `TracerMiddleware`: Alters the state of the cells under which entities exist to leave a trace of the entity's color that persists after the entity moves. This fades over time.

Driver

- › Actually executes the simulation
- › Calls entity drivers, processes actions, executes middleware
- › Can be used to execute in asynchronous environments (Emscripten via browser event loop)

Overview of Simulation Process

- › Cells hold data in a 2D array
- › Entities live on top of cells and make decisions (generate actions)
- › Engine processes actions and mutates cells+entities
- › Middleware breaks the rules and allows for side effects
- › Driver makes everything happen

Output + Visualization

- › A 2D universe is conveniently displayed in a lot of ways
- › Can be treated as an array of pixels in an image or video

About Rust

- › Low level language, like C/C++
- › Enforces memory safety and (almost) always prevents things like use-after-free, dangling pointers, etc.
- › Powerful type system with generics, traits, smart pointers, full control of memory.



So what can you do with it?

WebAssembly

- › Multi-architecture support for free
- › Near native performance (or better) for countless work domains
- › Pretty new, only an MVP right now (but very widely supported nonetheless)
- › Really, really cool

Rendering to a Canvas or GIF

- › Middleware is created to calculate the color of each coordinate in the universe
 - › Takes a `calc_color` function which takes a cell state and list of all entities at that cell and returns a color



Try it out yourself, right now!
<https://ants.ameo.design>

About the Model

- › Independently functioning entities (ants) communicate and cooperate to accomplish a goal (collecting food)
- › Very limited information available
 - › 9 cells adjacent + beneath them
 - › Offset from the hive (conditionally - will explain in a bit)

Implementation (pheromones)

Two kinds of pheromones (Cell State):

- › “Wandering” trail (looking for food)
- › Report trail (bringing back / reporting a found food source)

Implementation (ant logic)

Three different states ants can be in:

- › “Wandering” - looking for previously undiscovered food sources
- › “Reporting” - Leaving a trail to a known food source
- › “Following” - Following a previously known trail to a food source

Cell State

- › Blank
 - › Pheromone Levels
- › Food
- › Barrier
- › Anthill

Entity State

Ants only know the following information on which they base all of their decisions:

- › State of the 9 cells adjacent to and beneath them
- › Conditionally, their offset (in cells) from the anthill
- › As limited as possible

World Generation

- › Very simple worldgen
- › All entities spawn on the same cell on frame 1
- › Barriers and food patches generated according to configuration values

Real Ants

- › Pretty smart tbh
- › Counting steps
- › Visual memory
- › Teach each other
 - › Very complicated chemical messaging systems

Goal

- › Exhibit the “ant-colony optimization”
 - › Swarm Intelligence
 - › **Optimization**, solving NP-hard problems
 - › Gradient Descent + Machine Learning
- › Finding the optimal parameters for this model would be a great use of that

Results

- › Mostly successful!
- › Swarm Intelligence is clearly exhibited
- › Ants make use of information gathered by other ants indirectly by reading pheromones, contributing to it in the process

Results cont.

- › Several inefficiencies and issues
 - › Ants get “stuck” a lot, especially on their trip back to the anthill
 - › Naïve pathing algorithm
 - › Somewhat clunky and abstruse UI

Future Work

- › My very own personal Internet Ant colony
- › Economic aspects
 - › Birth of ants, regrowth of food
- › Better / more elaborate worldgen
- › More advanced chemical messaging systems

Open Source is Nice

Check out the source code!

<https://ameo.link/ants>



**Thanks for
Listening!**